Wiregrass Lake Metropark Highlights



Please use this as a supplement to information provided on any Metroparks maps.

Messages for Interpretation

A place for passive recreation surrounded by ecological riches, Wiregrass Lake Metropark harbors globally rare wet prairies and unique combinations of plants and animals.

- As a part of the Ottawa River watershed, Wiregrass Creek offers exceptional travel routes for turtles, fish, and other aquatic species on the move.
- Stewardship of the man-made Wiregrass Lake requires managing it for not only canoeing and fishing but also for the best dragonfly diversity in Ohio.
- Situated in the center of the Oak Openings Region corridor, this Metropark is a link in the effort to preserve local sites of high biodiversity.
- Balancing popular recreational pursuits with preservation is critical for success at this park.

What's In A Name?

Wiregrass Lake was named after Wiregrass Creek which passes through the northern portion of the park and is part of the Ottawa River watershed. Wiregrass is also a common name for the sedge, *Carex lasiocarpa*, which grows here.

Natural and Human History

Wiregrass Lake Metropark features a man-made lake that was developed prior to the site being purchased by Metroparks. Today the lake is a popular spot for sportfishing for bluegill and bass. Some of the best examples of the Oak Openings Region's globally rare wet prairie community exist at this park, and it has been a site of extensive restoration by Metroparks land management crews. This small Metropark harbors numerous statelisted rare species that are monitored by volunteers, staff and research associates each year, such as Fringed gentian, Variegated scouring rush and Spotted turtle. There are more species of dragonflies and damselflies known to Wiregrass Lake than anywhere else in Ohio, and songbird diversity is exceptional.

Wiregrass Lake was purchased in 2006 as part of the Oak Openings Corridor between Secor Metropark and Oak Openings Preserve. Much of the cost of Oak Openings Corridor sites came from a successful and unprecedented Metroparks Land Levy passed in 2002. Grants such as Clean Ohio also provided substantial purchasing costs for these sites. A future trail beginning at Secor Metropark and extending to Oak Openings Preserve will connect this Wiregrass Lake to other parklands within The Oak Openings Corridor.



Wiregrass Lake





Purple false foxglove (Gerardia)





Riddell's goldenrod

Wiregrass sedge

Wiregrass Lake is a seasonal park, generally opened April to mid-November. Three primitive public campsites are available by reservation at Wiregrass Lake. Wiregrass Lake offers excellent kayaking and canoeing with a state-of-the-art accessible launching dock. Fishing is also popular at the man-made pond. To protect the diversity of the dragonfly population there, Metroparks asks that any bank-fishing be done only from the dock or stone ledges accessible off of the Blue Dasher Trail, and that the protected beach area at the south end of the lake remain off limits to any fishing.

Plant Life

(* = State-listed as rare) Spring beauty May apple Great white trillium Purple false foxglove (Gerardia) Wiregrass (sedge) Atlantic blue-eyed grass Pale spiked lobelia Common dogbane Dense blazing star Swamp milkweed

Pin oak

Blue dasher

Widow Skimmer

Black saddlebags

Ruby meadowhawk

Silver-spotted skipper

Water scorpion (lake)

Mid-land painted turtle

Rough-winged swallow

American woodcock

Eastern bumble bee

Spotted turtle

Snapping turtle

Belted kingfisher

Wilson's snipe

Red-tailed hawk

Green and Comet Darners

Eastern Amberwing Prince baskettail

Wildlife

Select Odonata include: Western slender bluet Eastern forktail Violet (variable) dancer Swamp spreadwing Dusky and Pronghorn clubtails Calico, Banded and Halloween Pennants

Other Notable Insects: Common ringlet Pearl crescent Monarch Viceroy

Amphibians/Reptiles include: Spring peeper Western chorus frog Gray treefrog Green frog

Birds include: Cedar waxwing White-eyed vireo Yellow warbler Indigo bunting Field Sparrow Song sparrow

Mammals include: Mink Eastern cottontail White-tailed deer

Fish include: (Wiregrass Creek & Surrounding Ditches) Northern pike Grass pickerel Mud minnows

(Wiregrass Lake) Bluegill Channel catfish

Largemouth bass

Stay on trails and use protective clothing and insecticide to avoid poison ivy, American dog ticks and mosquitoes. (Note: There is no poison oak in Northwest Ohio.)

Swamp thistle Ridell's goldenrod Heath aster New England aster American Pokeweed Common sneezeweed Prairie Rattlesnake root (*) Fringed gentian (*) Variegated horsetail (*) Black willow



Great white trillium



Eastern cottontail



Rough-winged swallow



American woodcock



Calico pennant



Atlantic blue-eyed grass



Yellow warbler



Spotted turtle



Western slender bluet



Grass pickerel